

The Athens Post.

BY SAM. P. IVINS.

ATHENS, TENNESSEE, FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1874.

VOL. XXI---NO. 350

TERMS:
THE POST IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT TWO DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Advertisements will be charged \$1.00 per square of ten lines or less for the first insertion, and 50 cents for each additional insertion. A liberal deduction made to parties who advertise by the year.
Persons sending advertisements should mark the number of times they desire them inserted, or they will be continued until forbid and charged accordingly.
Announcing names of candidates, \$5.00 Cash in all cases.
Obituary notices over five lines charged at regular advertising rates.
There will be no discount on these terms.

TIMETABLE

EAST TENN. VA. & GA. R. R.
PASSENGER TRAIN NO. 1.—WEST.
Leave Bristol..... 3.48 A. M.
Arrive at Athens..... 1.42 P. M.
Arrive at Chattanooga..... 4.50 P. M.
PASSENGER TRAIN NO. 2.—EAST.
Leave Chattanooga..... 5.20 A. M.
Arrive at Athens..... 8.47 A. M.
Arrive at Bristol..... 7.30 P. M.
PASSENGER TRAIN NO. 3.—WEST.
Leave Bristol..... 4.10 P. M.
Arrive at Athens..... 1.50 A. M.
Arrive at Chattanooga..... 4.55 A. M.
PASSENGER TRAIN NO. 4.—EAST.
Leave Chattanooga..... 10.05 P. M.
Arrive at Athens..... 1.14 A. M.
Arrive at Bristol..... 10.55 A. M.

M. A. Helm, J. M. Henderson,
Cashier. President

FRANKLIN ASSOCIATION BANK,

(Chartered and Organized June, 1872.)

OFFICE

on Jackson St., one door South of Public Square

ATHENS, TENNESSEE.

Regular Meetings every Tuesday Night.

TRANSACTS A

General Banking Business.

Discounts Daily; Buys and Sells

Gold, Silver, Bonds, Stock, Uncurrent

Bank Notes, &c., &c.

In its Savings Department, receives Deposits and issues Certificates therefor at specified rates of interest. M. A. HELM, Cashier.

Athens, Dec. 20, 1873-1874

R. C. Jackson, J. W. Lillard,
President. Cashier.

F. H. McClung, Vice Pres.

EAST TENNESSEE NATIONAL BANK

OF KNOXVILLE.

Authorized Capital, \$500,000.

CASH CAPITAL PAID IN \$150,000.

The only National Bank between Salem, Va. and Cleveland, Tennessee.

Designated Depository of the U. S.

AND SUCCESSORS TO

First National Bank of Knoxville.

STOCKHOLDERS:

Wm. Anderson, Bristol
Robt. Love, Johnson City
J. H. Earnest, Rhetown
F. W. Taylor, sr., Rustville
R. M. Barton, Morriston
Wm. Brazleton, N. Mark
Wm. Harris, Dandridge
Geo. A. Fain, "
J. E. Raht, Cleveland
H. H. Matlock, Riceville

N. Bogart, Philad'a
J. A. Rayl, Knoxville
Joseph Jaques, "
F. H. McClung, "
Sam McKinney, "
S. B. Boyd, "
W. W. Woodruff, "
J. W. Lillard, "
R. C. Jackson, "

Receives Deposits, Buys and Sells Exchange, Foreign and Domestic; deals in Gold, Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, United States, State, County and Corporation Bonds and Coupons, and will do a General Collecting and Banking Business throughout the United States.

Feb. 14, 1873-1874

W. PHILLIPS, G. M. JACKSON, C. H. PHILLIPS
Late of Phillips, Late with Late with Phillips
Hooper & Co. Ori Bros. Hooper & Co

C. M. GALLAHER,
(LATE WITH S. B. SPURLOCK & CO.)

WITH

PHILLIPS, JACKSON & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Foreign & Domestic Liquors,

No. 42 South Market Street,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Dec. 6, 1873-1874

THOMAS O'CONNOR & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Saddles and Bridles

of every description.

Carriage & Buggy Harness &

COLLARS.

GAY STREET,

KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Jan. 3, 1873-1874

JOHN STEPHENS, JOHN H. FLYNN

STEPHENS & FLYNN,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

IN

Grain, Flour, Provisions, Hay, &c

Forsyth Street, ATLANTA, GA.

Agents for the Sale of Cotton, Yarns, Osa
burgs, Sheetings, Shirtings, Lime, Salt, etc.

Refer to the Banks and Merchants of
Atlanta.

Liberal Cash advances made on consignments
July 1, 1870-1874

CARPENTER, ROSS & LOCKETT,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

GAY STREET,

Knoxville, Tennessee.

HAVING REMOVED INTO OUR NEW

and Commodious Warehouse, adjoining

Sanford, Chamberland & Albers, we

are now prepared to offer

Special Inducements to the Trade.

We will keep on hand at all times, full lines of

STAPLE AND FANCY

GROCERIES,

FULL LINES OF

WOODENWARE,

TOBACCOS,

SNUFF AND CIGARS.

GRAIN BAGS,

OF ALL KINDS.

MANILLA AND JUTE ROPE,

SOLE LEATHER,

Crackers,

Cheese,

Candies,

and Raisins,

Nuts of all Kinds.

FINE TEAS A SPECIALTY.

WE ARE

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

LENOIR & BRO'S

COTTON YARNS,

AND

Holston Salt and Plaster Co's

SALT.

WE RECEIVE AND SELL ON COMMISSION

the

Products of the Country,

and will endeavor at all times to get the highest

market prices for same.

WE SELL GOODS TO

MERCHANTS ONLY.

Feb. 13, 1874-1875

The Post.

Athens, Friday, August 14, 1874.

Polk County.

The Democrats of Polk county held a convention on the 3d, at Benton, and appointed delegates to the Congressional Convention at McMinnville. They were instructed to vote for P. B. Mayfield, of Bradley, in the event his name is before the Convention.

The States in the Senate.

The Philadelphia Press prints a table showing that eight States—New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Missouri, Indiana, Massachusetts and Kentucky—containing 19,290,155 people, have only sixteen Senators in the United States Senate, while all the other States, twenty-nine in number, contain only 18,825,483 people, and yet have a representation of fifty-eight in the Senate. Nevada's 42,491 people are equal in the Senate to New York's 3,382,759. The Press remarks: "To prevent the extension of this gross inequality, in the opinion of the Press, is a case of State rights in which there will be no division of feeling or parties in Pennsylvania, New York or Massachusetts."

Beecher and King David.

The New York Sun says: A correspondent insists that if Mr. Beecher had confessed—supposing him to be guilty which our correspondent earnestly contends he is not—it would be the duty of Plymouth Church not only to forgive him but to retain him as pastor; and this view is confirmed in the opinion of our correspondent by the case of the prophet David, who, after his adventure with Bathsheba, wife of Uriah the Hittite, wrote some of the very finest among the psalms attributed to his authorship. We don't dispute this; but our correspondent should remember that David lived under the old dispensation, and besides, he was not a common man but a king.

The Third Term.

There has been a lot of stuff in the papers for the last two or three months about the Democratic party taking up President Grant in 1876, and running him for a third term. We presume no one seriously contemplates such a step, though the party has done several foolish things in the last ten years. For example, there was the nomination of Gen. McClellan for the Presidency in 1864; then Seymour, of New York—a famous war Democrat—in 1868; and Horace Greeley, in 1872, who had been a bitter, unyielding and unrelenting political opponent all the days of his life. With the results attained on the occasions alluded to fresh in the minds of all, the leaders will hardly venture to repeat the experiment; but if they should, we undertake to say that they will have no following that will amount to anything. Expediency may sometimes achieve temporary success, but an abandonment of principle cannot but lead to disintegration and ultimate disaster.

The Railways and the Grangers.

A New York dispatch says "the conference of railway magnates at Saratoga recently, it is understood, had objects in view of much greater importance than the arrangement of uniform rates of freight and passenger fares. The real purpose was mutual consultation, with a view to some combined defensive movement against the aggression of the Western Grangers. Gentlemen who took part in the conference are very reticent as to what was said and done; but enough has leaked out to warrant the belief that the representatives of the leading roads were in accord as to the necessity of doing something, and at once to arrest the hostile current of legislation which threatens the great interests which they represent with disastrous results. For once Commodore Vanderbilt, Col. Scott and the Erie people are in harmony, agreeing that the crisis was upon them, and must be met, and that being the fact, it was better to meet the enemy at the West, than to wait until he advances into New York, Pennsylvania and the Eastern States. What the plan of campaign is no one but themselves knows; but, if what we hear whispered be only half true, it cannot be long before the order will be given to "move on the enemy's works." The general effect on railway shares has been favorable."

A romantic New York girl thought to Maud Mullerize and "rake the meadows sweet with hay." She stood over a yellow jacket's nest as she swung her little rake. First jump from the score, eleven feet; distance to the house, half a mile. Time, two minutes.

The laws are best respected in those communities where only good, moral, firm, upright and intelligent men are elected to administer them.

Rhea County.

A portion of the Democratic and Conservative voters of Rhea county met at the Court House in Washington, on Monday, August 3d, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Democratic State Convention to be held at Nashville on the 19th of August, 1874, to the Congressional Convention at McMinnville, August 27th.

The object of the meeting having been briefly explained by S. J. A. Frazier, Col. J. R. Neal was called to the Chair, and H. A. Crawford requested to act as Secretary.

Upon motion, the Chairman appointed a Committee of nine to select and report two suitable persons from each civil district of the county, to attend each of the Conventions. The following is the list of delegates appointed by the Committee and confirmed by this Convention:

DELEGATES TO THE STATE CONVENTION.
W. G. Roddy, H. B. Heiskell, Thomas J. Brown, J. A. Abernathy, R. F. Cooke, R. C. M. Cunningham, J. L. McPherson, P. C. Miller, J. S. Evans, F. J. Paine, N. Q. Allen, R. W. Colville, J. R. Crawford, W. T. Parser, W. A. Johnson, F. Waterhouse, T. C. Gannaway, J. M. Deatheridge, R. F. McDonald, A. W. Moore.

TO THE CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.
Jas. Johnson, Saml. Robinson, J. B. Peters, Arch. McCaleb, W. C. Carson, W. M. Clack, W. T. Gass, W. G. Mitchell, W. P. Darwin, R. C. Day, S. J. A. Frazier, R. N. Gillespie, Geo. L. Tucker, A. W. Frazier, W. T. Broyles, Danl. Hodges, W. N. Marriot, Wm. Lee, J. W. Williamson, G. W. Johnson.

On motion, the Secretary was ordered to furnish a copy of these proceedings to the ATHENS POST and CLEVELAND BANNER, and request them to publish the same.

Adjourned sine die.

J. R. NEAL, Chm'n.

H. A. CRAWFORD, Sec'y.

The Crops.

The New York Tribune publishes an elaborate crop review which affords an encouraging prospect for the present year. It shows that the cotton crop though not quite up to the general average of the years since the war, while increased facilities for cultivation and improved methods make it probable that the yield will continue to increase steadily hereafter. The extension of cotton culture into new regions such as Kansas, has proven practicable and remunerative. The prospects of the corn crop are also promising. Though late in some States it is now coming rapidly forward, and a good yield is confidently expected. The promise of sugar and rice is excellent in Louisiana, in spite of desolating floods which afflicted that State. The crop of wheat is unusually good, and now the harvest is almost completed. It is estimated that the excess over last year will amount to some twenty-five million bushels. Altogether, remarks the Tribune, the prospect is so favorable that sanguine people may be pardoned for concluding that the pinching times consequent upon the panic are ending and that better days are coming for the community; but they must not count on high prices till they have gauged the foreign demand.

Election Day in Kentucky.

A fight occurred at a small village in Clark county, Kentucky, on election day, in which two negroes were mortally wounded and fifteen negroes more or less severely wounded.

In Owensboro G. W. Swoope, member of the State Senate, shot and killed a man named Riley.
In Greenville Hon. M. D. Hay, a prominent citizen, was shot and mortally wounded by Deputy Sheriff Craig.
In Lexington a man named Trainor was shot and killed by John Lilliet, son of the Republican candidate for Jailor, against whom Trainor had voted.

In Lawrenceburg a man named Redding was shot and killed by the Town Constable whom he attacked.

From Knoxville.

The Friday down train brought the following "short and sweet" from Old Knox:

Swan beats Gossett 650. That secures Thornburgh the race for Congress over Maynard. The railroad employees all went for Swan. Our black-and-tan party is gone up—higher than Gilderoy's kite.

Of course, the reader will understand that the above is from a Republican source.

Corn.

Two million acres of corn have been planted this year in excess of last year's acreage. The increase is 6 per cent. of the whole crop. It is largest in the South in percentage, and in the West in acres. The condition of the crop is good in the West, and elsewhere variable. These facts are furnished by the Department of Agriculture at Washington.

In politics as in religion—the Janus-faced hypocrite is more fatal to the organization than a dozen open, manly opponents.

Conventions.

We commend the following, which appears as a communication in the Galatia Examiner, to the reader's attention:

There have been political parties in our government ever since its foundation. Whether they are good or an evil, I do not propose at the present to discuss. Conventions are a part of the machinery that all parties have used to carry out their political purposes, and elevate their favorites to power. In their nature and normal workings they are well adapted to these purposes. The theory of Conventions is that the sentiments and views of a majority of a party are reflected by the Convention. In practice this is often far from the truth. If every delegate should represent in the convention the views of a majority of his district, county or State, there could be but little objection to conventions. If this is not done, what is the reason? If the convention is badly, let us inquire into the cause, and see if there is any remedy. I was at a county convention a short time ago. It being County Court, and being the day that the candidates for county officers were to speak, there was a large crowd. At the proper time the convention was called to order. A lawyer was elected president. Another lawyer, secretary. A merchant vice-president. The crowd was then invited to attend the sitting of the convention, which would be up stairs in the Court House, which invitation was accepted by not more than one dozen men. The object of the convention, was to appoint delegates to the Congressional and Senatorial Conventions, and also to a convention to nominate a candidate for Governor. But the resolution adopted, and the instruction given the delegates in regard to whom they should vote for, represented the views of only the said dozen. And when the people of Tennessee shall read in the proceedings of the State Convention that the party of — county through their delegates cast its vote for General B. for Governor, the exact and literal fact will be, that one dozen of said party (whose number is twelve hundred) through their delegates voted to nominate General B. for Governor.

But whose fault is it that the delegates did not represent the views of a majority of the party. Upon whom is the blame to rest. Certainly upon the mass of the people themselves. It is through their apathy and indifference that demagogues have so often used conventions to carry out their own selfish purposes. The great mass of the people seem to forget that civil and religious liberty was purchased by the blood of our forefathers, and committed to them as a precious inheritance to be preserved and transmitted to their posterity. Apathy and indifference among the masses is one of the worst signs of the times. "We don't know the worth of water till the well goes dry." And we realize not the blessings of liberty until they are lost.

A Printing Press at Mount Ararat.

The printing press encroaches upon all places and at all times, and it really is not so very remarkable that a newspaper has been established at the foot of Mount Ararat by the American pilgrims, and is giving forth news to the world. Whiffs from Ararat is the title of this enterprising journal, and it contains some curious and interesting local topics, quotes the price of girls as wives in the Armenian villages, varying from £2 to £16 and discusses the pleasant notion that the world rests on a large ox, which, being irritated by a fly, tosses its head, and thus causes earthquakes, and the belief of the natives in the neighborhood of the Mount that impassable barriers surround Ararat to prevent its being desecrated by mortal feet, while angels keep guard on the summit lest one piece of the indestructible wood of the ark should be borne away.

If Whiffs from Ararat has a Stanley or O'Kelly on its staff, there is no doubt that we shall, at last, discover the position of the ark, and that some hair from the tail of the ox that supports the world will be brought up to the surface. Journalism, now-a-days, is synonymous with enterprise, and to publish a newspaper under the very shadow of Mount Ararat, and not discover the ark, is simple impossibility of modern journalism.

Wheat.

The Grange Outlook of last week contained this item:

"Those who are skeptical enough to doubt the compactness and cohesive power of our organization, need only be referred to the significant fact that to-day not a bushel of wheat can be moved at present prices. This magic influence has passed along from one end of the vast column to the other. It vainly have dealers endeavored to break our ranks by offering one dollar and fifteen cents. They might as well 'sing psalms to a dead horse' as to attempt to buy at these figures."

D. W. Voorhees, the tall Sycamore of the Wabash, has taken the stump in Indiana against Senator Morton. The campaign opened at Terre Haute last Friday night.

For the last five harvest years the quantity of wheat and wheat flour exported from the United States has been larger than usual, and for the year which will end with next month the exports will have been the greatest ever known.

Muerto En Las Guerrillas!

A correspondent writing from Madrid to the London Times, gives the following details of the death of Marshal Concha:

You have already heard in detail how the General met his death in animating his army to the attack on the Carlist intrenchments of Monte Muro. Shortly before he climbed the spire of Abarzuza Church to take a coup d'oeil of the line of battle. He was accompanied by a member of his staff to whom he spoke seriously and confidentially. It seemed as if he had a presentiment of what was to happen, for he remarked that if any untoward event occurred in the action about to be commenced, he wished it to be borne in mind that though he had trusted his plans to nobody, the remaining in Estela, when taken formed no part of them. He intended merely to garrison it against future attack, and then to pass on with the army into all the Carlist lairs one after the other. Descending from the tower, he walked along the high road till close to the fatal Monte Muro, where he observed the final repulse of one of his divisions before the impetuosity of the Carlist defense. The road at this point becoming very bad, an aide-de-camp said to him, "General had you not better mount!" His horse being close by, he seized the mane and had one foot in the stirrup, when the fatal fall struck him and he fell senseless to the ground, all that he could articulate being: "Muerto en las Guerrillas!" Quick as lightning the young lieutenant of Hussars, Montero, lifted the inanimate body across his own horse, and putting spurs to the animal, literally fled with it in the direction of Abarzuza, followed by one or two chosen companions, the Carlist cavalry in full pursuit the moment they saw what was going on. On vent Montero with his precious burden. Once or twice his horse slipped over the rugged highway; but, true to the hand and the spur of his gallant rider, he was up again in a moment. "Date! Date!" (Give it us! Give it us!) cried a Carlist in pursuit, and a hand to hand struggle ensued between the Carlists and the Republican soldiers who rode after Montero. Just as the latter reached the army lines the body slipped off the saddle, but was instantly replaced and carried into the little inn. All that I have narrated passed within five or six minutes. In five more the marshal had ceased to breathe.

Oddities.

If thy enemy wrong thee, buy each of his children a drum.

An Oshkosh Judge got four bars of soap for a marriage fee.

An Illinois woman committed suicide because no circus company had visited her vicinity for two years.

It is too bad that the Mayor of Grass City, Kansas, is dead, for the local paper says that "if he hadn't but one eye of tobacco he'd divide it with a friend."

"Sad thing to lose your wife," said a friend to a neighbor who stood at the grave of the dear departed. "Well, tolerably sad," replied the mourner, "but then her clothes just fit my oldest girl."

North Platte was once a virtuous and happy town; not a swear was ever heard there, and the people just spent their time in preparing for heaven. Now all is changed. In an evil moment a brass band was organized.

When a stranger stands on a public square in Denver, spits on his hands and cries out: "Climb on to me by thousands!" even the postmaster pulls off his coat to make the response a success.

A wag, with the word "whoa," brought a horse driven by a young man to a dead stop. "That's a fine horse of yours," says the wag. "Yes, a pretty good sort of animal, but he has one fault. He was once owned by a butcher, and is sure to stop whenever he hears a calf bleat."

A Character.

A thick-necked, ugly-looking chap the worse for liquor, was yesterday tearing around the ferry dock, anxious, as he said, "to maul some one to putty." He stood upon a salt barrel and dared any man in Detroit to even wink at him, and flopped his arms and crowed a victory. Some of the boys hunted up "St. Clair Sam," as he is called, and Sam went down. He is over six feet high, with a fist like a peck of walnuts, and when he appeared the booster got off the barrel. "Kin lick any man in Detroit, eh?" inquired Sam, as he took off his coat. "Wan' to maul some one to putty, eh?" he continued, as he unbuttoned his collar. He with the thick neck glanced at Sam all over, came to his senses, and walking up and extending his hand, said: "I've got the every-other-day ager bad and this is my ager day; come an' take suthin nice."—[Detroit Free Press.

Orderly People.

There are persons who are never easy unless they are putting your books and papers in order—that is, according to their notion of the matter—and hide things, lest they should be lost, where neither the owner nor anybody else can find them. This is a sort of magpie faculty. If anything is left where you can find it, it is called litter. There is a pedantry in housewifery as well as in the gravest concerns. Sir Walter Scott complained that whenever his maid-servant had been in his library, he could not set comfortably to work again for several days.

Success in life is very apt to make us forget the time when we were not much. It is just so with a frog on a lily; he can't remember when he was a tadpole, but other folks can.